



XV UNL School, 21-25 July 2014, Geneva

Exercise #4 - Dictionary

- Goal: To prepare the dictionary for the training corpus
- Deliverable:
 - o tgrammar_<ID>.txt
- Activities:
 - 1. Create a dictionary *dic_<ID>.txt* comprising all and only the entries appearing in your word list according to the instructions in the Annex.
 - Upload the segmented corpus to the UTK (UNLWEB>UNLDEV>UTK>SENTENCES>ADD)
 - 3. Check the results of the tokenization:
 - a. UNLWEB>UNLDEV>UTK>CORPUS>CORPU>LOAD corpus
 - b. UNLWEB>UNLDEV>UTK>CORPUS>DICTIONARY>LOAD dictionaries (default + your language)
 - c. UNLWEB>UNLDEV>UTK>SENTENCE>PROCESS>TOKENIZE
 - 4. Do the necessary changes until the tokenization is correct. Do not worry about the correct categorization (i.e., whether the string has been correctly categorized). This will be handled later.

ANNEX - INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE DICTIONARY

a. The dictionary entries must be provided, one per line, in a plain text (.txt) file in UTF-8 encoding, in the format below:

[word form] {} "uw" (list of features) <language code,frequency,priority>;

b. You should include, in the dictionary, <u>all and only</u> the word forms appearing in your corpus:

[human being]{} "human being" (LEMMA=human being,LEX=N,POS=NOU,NUM=SNG) <eng,0,0>; (this does not appear)
[human beings]{} "human being" (LEMMA=human being,LEX=N,POS=NOU,NUM=PLR) <eng,0,0>;

- c. Do not include punctuation signs and the blank space (they are already provided in the Default Dictionary)
- d. Do not include temporary entries (such as digits)
- e. Leave the field {} empty.
- f. Use English lemmas (nouns in singular, verbs in infinitive) as UW's

```
[homines]{} "homines" (LEMMA=homo,LEX=N,POS=NOU,GEN=MCL,NUM=PLR,CAS=NOM) <lat,0,0>; [homines]{} "human beings" (LEMMA=homo,LEX=N,POS=NOU,GEN=MCL,NUM=PLR,CAS=NOM) <lat,0,0>; [homines]{} "human being" (LEMMA=homo,LEX=N,POS=NOU,GEN=MCL,NUM=PLR,CAS=NOM) <lat,0,0>;
```

g. Only open class words (nouns, adjectives, adverbs and verbs) are mapped to UW's. Determiners, prepositions, conjunctions and auxiliary verbs are mapped to attributes (att=@def, att=@indef, att=@paucal, etc.) and/or to relations (rel=and, rel=tim, rel=plc, etc.). The list of attributes and relations may be found at www.unlweb.net/wiki/Tagset.

```
[the]{} "the" (LEMMA=the,LEX=D,POS=ART) <eng,0,0>;

{the]{} "" (LEMMA=the,LEX=D,POS=ART) <eng,0,0>; (att=@def is missing)

[the]{} "" (LEMMA=the,LEX=D,POS=ART,att=@def) <eng,0,0>;
```

h. The list of features must be provided in the format ATTRIBUTE=VALUE and must contain all and only the morphological attributes that are relevant to your language.

```
[homines]{} "human beings" (LEMMA=homo,LEX=N,POS=NOU,GEN=MCL,NUM=PLR) <lat,0,0>; (case is missing) [human beings]{} "human being" (LEMMA=human being,LEX=N,POS=NOU,GEN=MCL) <eng,0,0>; [άνθρωποι]{} "human being" (LEMMA=άνθρωπος,LEX=N,POS=NOU,GEN=MCL,NUM=PLR,CAS=NOM) <ell,0,0>; [esseri umani]{} "human being" (LEMMA=essere umano,LEX=N,POS=NOU,GEN=MCL,NUM=PLR) <ita,0,0>;
```

i. Include the lemma as a feature in the feature list.

j. Use only the tags provided in the Tagset (www.unlweb.net/wiki/Tagset)

```
[the]{} "" (determiner, article) <eng,0,0>; (these are not tags from the Tagset)
```

k. Duplicate ambiguous word forms (if the ambiguity appears in the corpus):

```
[this]{} "" (LEMMA=this,LEX=D,POS=DET,att=@proximal) <eng,0,0>; (this book: this = determiner) [this]{}"00"(LEMMA=this,LEX=R,POS=DEP,att=@proximal) <eng,0,0>; (this is the book: this = pronoun) [is] {}""(LEMMA=be,LEX=V,POS=COP,ATE=PRS,PER=3PS) <eng,0,0>; (John is a student: is = copula) [is] {}""(LEMMA=be,LEX=I,POS=AUX,ATE=PRS,PER=3PS) <eng,0,0>; (John is coming: is = auxiliary)
```

- Use the ISO 639-2 language codes (available at http://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/php/code_list.php)
- m. Frequency is used to disambiguate in UNLization (IAN,SEAN); priority is used to disambiguate in NLization (EUGENE). In both cases, the higher prevail over the lower. The values can be set from 0 to 255. Since this is a very small corpus, you may set frequency = 0 and priority = 0.